

USING OER ETHICALLY: LICENSING & FAQS



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Outline

- Introduction
- Copyright and Fair Use
- Creative Commons licenses
- Using OER ethically
- Common questions re: OER from faculty
- Activity





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Scholarly Research Services Program Lead Librarian Auraria Library

- Faculty support at Auraria Library
 - OER Consults
 - Research Consults
 - Instruction sessions (in person and virtual)
 - Async information literacy modules



COPYRIGHT AND FAIR USE



Copyright

- Area of law governing the use and access of creators' works, allowing the creator or rightsholder the monopoly on the rights to distribute, copy, adapt, or publicly perform the work
 - U.S. Constitution & federal laws
 - Safeguard the benefits of the work for the creator or rightsholder
 - Automatically applies when an original work takes a tangible form
 - Exceptions



Fair Use

- A fair use is any copying of copyrighted material done for a limited and "transformative" purpose, such as to comment upon, criticize, or parody a copyrighted work" for use by students and teachers/education (Richard Stim, Stanford University Libraries)
 - Fair use factors:
 - Purpose of use
 - Nature of the copyrighted work
 - The amount of material used
 - The effect of the use on the potential market



It's complex on purpose

- Grey area on purpose through court decisions and laws
- Money is involved
- Copyright predates the internet
- Legal ramifications



CREATIVE COMMONS LICENSES

OER's ethical champion



Establishing Creative Commons

- Larry Lessig and Eric Eldred
- Sonny Bono Copyright Term Extension Act
 - Lost the court case
- Creative Commons est. 2002
 - The goal of making creative works more freely available on the internet while respecting and empowering creators
 - o "openly accessible" vs. "openly licensed"
 - Internationally recognized



What are Creative Commons licenses?

- Under copyright law, "all rights reserved" by the creator
- CC Licenses: "some rights reserved", dependent on the license
 - Legal code, human readable, machine readable
 - Accessible as possible while being legally robust
 - Works with existing copyright law, so can't be used to reduce rights under copyright law
- Creative Commons & OER
- CC allows the 5Rs of OER to happen ethically





- Creative Commons logo
- Indicates we're working within Creative Commons licensure





- CC 4.0 BY
- Sharing or adaption of the work needs attribution for the creator





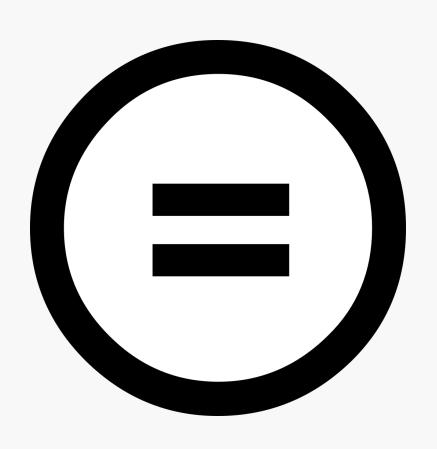
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- Adaptations of this work need to be shared under a compatible license of the original





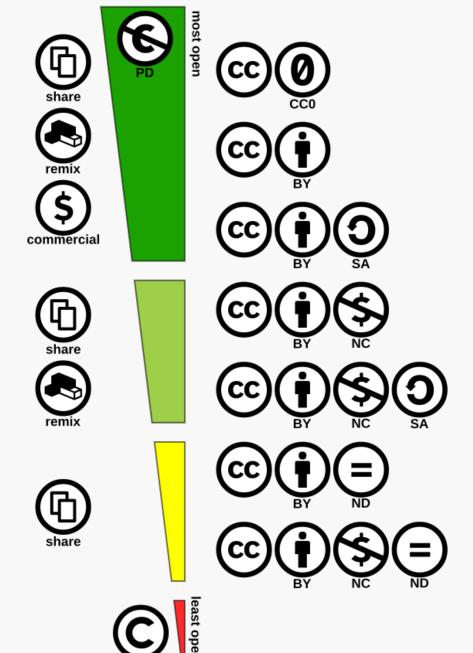
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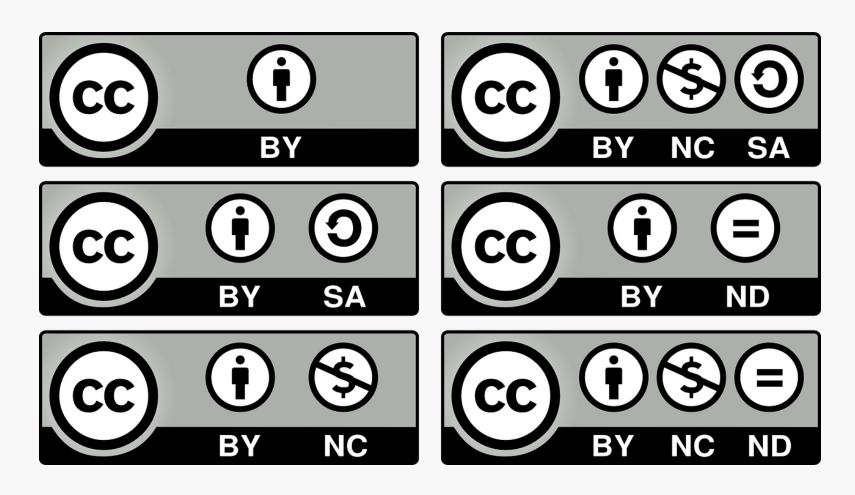


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ATTRIBUTION & LICENSING IN PRACTICE



How to attribute CC Licensed Work?

Remember TASL

o T: Title

A: Author

S: Source

L: License

Link to everything you can!

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How to make a CC License for your own work

- Decide how you'd like your work to be available
- License chooser from Creative Commons can write it for you
- Example for this presentation:

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Attribution: Adapting & Remixing Work

- License compatibility
 - Example
- Attribution statements
 - Front matter
 - Footnotes/Endnotes
 - Complied list of sources
 - Each section/webpage/chapter
- Example: Writing III Google Site
- Attribution vs citation: <u>Critical Health Pyschology</u>



Using OER ethically: Why does understanding licensing matter?

- Open education movement is about unrestricting access to information and learning
- But we want to acknowledge work and expertise—even more so when creators are allowing it to be out there and used for free!
- Good faith & honor system
- Avoid tricky copyright and fair use issues
- Participation is important!



FACULTY FAQS ON OER



Where do I find OER?

- There's no "one-stop-shop"--it's a process
 - LibGuides
 - OpenStax
 - Open Textbook Network
 - Mason Metafinder
 - Merlot
 - BC Open Textbook Project
 - CALI
 - Open Oregon
 - OER Commons



Why am I not finding any course materials?

- OER course conversion is a journey
- There are wonderful materials out there, but the more specific/higher level your course is, the less chance of finding one wholistic thing to suit needs
- OER as your course materials is sometimes just a big pile
- There's no one-stop shop
- Growing forward



I created this OER, where should I put it?

- Machine readable license
- Open repositories (OASIS, MERLOT, etc.)
- Auraria institutional repository



More information

- Stanford Libraries Copyright and Fair Use Center
- Creative Commons Certificate
- Creative Commons
 - <u>License generator</u>
 - Creative Commons FAQ
 - Understanding CC and AI
- CDHE OER Newsletter



ACTIVITY



Breakout Room Attribution Activity

- Within your group, pretend you are using the OER listed for your group to create a chapter of an OER textbook that you plan to release under a Creative Commons license of your choosing. The book chapter will have content from these 2 sources remixed with your original content.
 - Write a combined attribution statement that would go at the end of the chapter. It will need to include:
 - A TASL attribution statement for your own work
 - TASL attributions for the 2 OERs
 - Attribution and License Picker Activity