Ankle Sprains

Ankle sprains are one of the most common sports injuries. They often occur when:

• playing sports that call for quick changes of direction.
• trying to keep your balance on an uneven surface.
• landing on another player's foot.

Your foot may roll over and you feel a sharp pain on the outside of your ankle. Ankle sprains occur when the ligaments around the ankle get stretched or torn. Sprains commonly occur on the lateral (outside) ankle and include pain, swelling, bruising, and stiffness.

What can you do now?
Your doctor will diagnose the severity of your ankle sprain and recommend a treatment plan. This might include ankle support, medication, or physical therapy. During the first 24 to 48 hours, you should:

1. **Rest**
   Stay off your ankle and avoid painful movements. Walk with an assistive device such as crutches or a cane.

2. **Ice**
   Apply ice to the injured area several times a day. Use a bag of ice or frozen peas and leave it on for 15 to 20 minutes. You can apply cold therapy every hour if necessary. It is a good idea to wrap the ice onto the ankle with an elastic bandage to also provide compression.

3. **Compression**
   Use some kind of elastic wrap to keep the swelling down. It should be snug, but not too tight. Wrap more tightly around your ankle and get looser as you work your way up the calf. If your toes are blue or numb, it's too tight!

4. **Elevation**
   Whenever you can, keep your foot elevated on a sofa, bed or chair. Keep your foot above the level of your heart. Make sure your foot is up high enough and there is support for your knee. Try putting a sofa cushion under the foot of your mattress for elevation while in bed.
Regain Your Flexibility
After a few days, gradually begin to restore your range of motion by gently flexing your foot and pointing your toes. You may perform a calf stretch by wrapping a towel around the ball of your foot and pulling your toes toward you. After about a week, gently begin to trace the alphabet with your foot in the air. As with any exercise, **stop if you feel pain.**

Regain Your Strength
When your ankle no longer hurts, you should begin doing some strengthening exercises.

- Ride a stationary bike for 10 to 15 minutes. This is a good way to start exercising without putting all your weight on your ankle.
- With your foot flat on the floor, scrunch a towel with your toes.
- Loop an elastic band around the ball of your foot and point your toes against resistance (or move your foot in and out). Your next step is to progress to calf raises.
- Calf raises: Stand with both feet flat on the ground and rise up on your toes. Hold for a few seconds and then slowly lower. When you get comfortable, try this using just your injured foot.

Regain Your Balance
Once you’ve regained your strength, you’ll want to train your ankle to maintain balance. Do this by standing on your injured leg with hands out to the side. Try to keep your balance for 30 seconds. Progress to doing this while wiggling your “air” leg around or keeping your eyes closed.

When Can I Return to Sports?
Check with your doctor about when you’re ready to begin sports again. In general you should not return to sports activity until:

- You have complete range of motion (in and out, up and down, side to side).
- You have full weight bearing, good balance, and strength in the muscles around your ankle
- Your ankle doesn’t hurt or swell up during exercise or daily activity. You can run and not have any pain.